The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 3,777—Fourteenth Year BUENOS AYRES, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1874 Circulation, 3000.

MAUA BANK

101 & 103 CALLE CANGALLO.

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious Building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the Public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities, approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties owed to retire at any time, by means of cheques part or the full amount, at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons, or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England, and France, as also on other places, of which due notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions, within the orbit of banking operations.

The Establishment is always open from 10 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. MAUA & CO.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM.
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

January 1st, 1868. cj—jy16 1

MAUA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

For balances in our favor, .. 15 per cen
For balances in favor of Customers 5 "

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Two Months..... 8 per cent.
Three Months ..... 9 " "
Four Months..... 10 " "

P. P. Maua & Co.,
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

July 1st, 1874. cj—jy3

Royal Mail Steampacket Company

Direct and quickest Route to Europe

The Royal Mail Steamer
MONDEGO,
Captain ——,
2500 Tons, 450 Horse Power.
Will leave this Port for ANTWERP, calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, St. Vincent, Lisbon, and Southampton, on the
1st DECEMBER.

The Royal Mail Steamer
NEVA,
Captain WEST,
2999 Tons, 600 Horse Power,
Will leave this Port on the 15th DECEMBER. 1874, for SOUTHAMPTON,
Calling at Montevideo, Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, and Lisbon,

These Steamers will carry Passengers, Mails, Specie, Cargo, and Parcels, for all the above Ports, also through Passengers to Havre or Cherbourg, via Southampton.

FARES.

	1st Class. (And upwards)	2d Class	3d Class
Southampton	£35	£20	£15
Havre or Cherbourg via Southampton	35	20	15
Lisbon	32	20	12
St. Vincent.....	26	18	8
Pernambuco	24	12	7 6s 8d
Bahia	22	11	6
Rio de Janeiro....	14 & 11	£7	£4
Montevideo	1 12s	16s	

These Steamers are provided with every accommodation for carrying Passengers, to whom Table Wine is given to all Classes.

The First-class Fares by the Steamers, leaving at the end of each month, are all at one rate, viz.:—£35 to Southampton, Havre, or Cherbourg, and £32 to Lisbon.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available for twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money.

FAMILIES.

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money is charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult, cabin passengers.

CARGO, as per mutual agreement.

INSURANCE on Specie can be effected if desired.

The Steam Tenders "Belgrano" or "Flores," will leave the Mole at 2 p.m of every sailing day, taking off Passengers and their Luggage at the usual fares.

The American Mail Steamer for New York and St. Thomas, in combination with the above, leaves Rio de Janeiro about the 25th of every month,

For further particulars please apply to the Company's Agents—
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Calle 25 de Mayo 49, Buenos Ayres.
LEWIS JOEL, Esq.,
H.B.M.'s Consul, Rosario.
F. L. HUMPHREYS,
Calle de las Piedras, Montevideo.
—d10

MENSAGERIAS.

Union Argentina

9—CALLE TACUARI—9

Carrera del Salto.

Sale de Buenos Aires todos los dias en o primer tren de Chivilcoy.
Regresa del Salto todos los dias a la madrugada, y llega a Buenos Aires en el ultimo tren.

Carrera de Rojas y Junin.

Sale de Buenos Aires los dias pares en el primer tren de Chivilcoy.
Regresa de Junin y Rojas los dias pares, y llega a Buenos Aires los nones,

Carrera del Pergamino.

Sale de Buenos Aires los dias pares en el primer tren a Chivilcoy, y de este al Pergamino directamente por el Salto.
Regresa del Pergamino los pares a las 12 del dia, y llega a Buenos Aires los nones.

Nota—La Diligencia del Pergamino esta en combinacion con las Mensagerias que hacen carrera del Pergamino a San Nicolas de los Arroyos, y del Pergamino al Rosario de Santa Fe.

Para boletos de pasage, encomiendas y correspondencia Buenos Aires, calle de Tacuari Numeros 9 y 11.

Las Diligencias salen de Chivilcoy.
Empresario, ESTEVAN BOSCO.
cj—oct 13

MANUEL HORTA TORROBA

Has the honor to announce to the native and foreign estancieros of
ARRECIFES

That he has established a branch of his well known house in this flourishing town. He eagerly avails himself of this occasion to return his best thanks to the residents of the Carmen de Areco for their generous support, and trusts by continually observing the same motto
CIVILITY AND INTEGRITY
to merit the same sympathy and support.

Arrecifes, Sept. 7, 1873. 1 178 xp q10

John Meister.

215—CALLE SUIPACHA—215

The above offers his services to the Public as
COLLECTOR.

Any guarantees can be given if required.
cj—142 1m nov 14

London and River Plate Bank,

(LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital.....	£2,000,000 Sterling
Subscribed Capital.....	1,500,000 "
Reserved Fund	175,000 "

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills' Coupons, &c., for Collection—subject to a conventional Commission.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market rates of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo	London,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Liverpool,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	Amsterdam,
Rio,	Antwerp,
New York,	Paris,
Barcelona,	Bordeaux,
Bilbao,	Bayonne,
Cadiz,	Havre,
Corunna,	Marseilles,
Madrid,	Genoa,
Santander,	Naples.
Vigo,	

And all the principal Towns of ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND.

G. E. MASCHWITZ,
MANAGER.

JOHN TODD,
Sub-Manager.
cj—f6

London and River Plate Bank

(LIMITED)

CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies inaccount current } 4 per cent.
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal } 4½ "
On do, subject to 30 days' notice of withdrawal } 5 per cent
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, } 6

CHARGED.

For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.
On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 12 p. cent.

G. E. MASCHWITZ,
Manager.

JOHN TODD
Sub-Manager.

B. Ayres, September 15, 1874. —m8

BANCO DE ITALIA Y Rio de la Plata.

74—CALLE PIEDAD—74

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
£1,500,000.

This is divided into 15,000 Shares.

Board of Directors:
MARCOS DEMARCHI,
AGILES MAVEROFF,
ANTONIO DEVOTO,
PABLO MARENGO,
NICOLAS SCHIAFFINO,
BARTOLOME VIALE.
LUIS FAMINI,
EDUARDO FALCON.

Until further notice the rates of Interest will be as follows.—

ALLOWS
Account current, 7 per Cent.
Fixed periods, conventional.

CHARGES
Account current, 15 per cent.
Discounts, Promissory Notes, and other documents—conventional.

BILLS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued on London, France, Belgium, and all the chief Cities of Italy.

BANKING HOURS
From Ten to Four p.m., and until Five on Saturdays.

Buenos Ayres, Julio 1, 1873.
S. POLLININI,
Manager.
6 185 h.. x pag 20

THE
R. Plate Telegraph Co. LIMITED.

TELEGRAMS TO EUROPE.

Reduction OF THE River Plate Company's TARIFF.

Messages are now accepted at any of the above Company's offices for the undermentioned places at the following rates—

20 Words including both addresses

		$ m/n.
From Rio Janeiro	to Great Britain	47.34
" "	" France	48.60
" "	" Germany ...	48.80
" "	" Holland	48.40
" "	" Madeira	42.20
" "	" St. Vincent..	32.55
" "	" Spain	46.60
" "	" Portugal....	45.67
" "	" Italy.....	48.50

RATES to BELGIUM same as to GERMANY, until further Notice.

Half the above rates for every tenor fraction of ten words additional.

Telegrams for United States at present go via Great Britain. Charges in addition to those to Great Britain—

FIRST TEN WORDS..... 10$f.
EACH ADDITIONAL WORD.... 1 "
From Rio Grande to Rio de Janeiro $f. $1.04 per word.

The charges on messages on above places between Buenos Aires and Montevideo, 20 Words 1 Word, $1.00, and every additional 10 words 50 cents. $1.00, and every additional 1 word 50 cents.

Postage on each MESSAGE, 35 CENTS.

The times of departure of steamers leaving Montevideo for Rio de Janeiro and Rio Grande, will be duly posted up in the Company's offices and upon application further particulars may be obtained from the Company's Superintendent, Reconquista 63.

Messages are also received at and posted from the Company's offices in Montevideo to any of the Western and Brazilian Telegraph Company's stations in Brazil.

JOHN OLDHAM,
Manager and Engineer.
B. Ayres, July 3rd, 1874. cj—jy 7

GERMAN BURMEISTER
consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker
Calle de Chile No. 94.
cj—1

Deutsch-Belgische La Plata Bank.

From the 1st Julio, 1873, and till further Notice the rate of Interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows—

Interest Allowed.

On Deposits in Account Current in both Currencies, 4 per cent. per annum.
Ds. on a fixed term:—
At 30 days..... 4 per cent.
" 60 days..... 5 "
" 90 days..... 6 "
At longer dates at conventional rates.

Interest Charged.

On Debit Balances in Account Current in both currencies, 15 per cent.
For Discounts—Conventional according to circumstances.

Bank hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and on Saturdays to 5 p.m.

TOMAS DAVISON, U. LOCHER,
MANAGERS.

Buenos Ayres, August 12, 1873.
cj | 255 plm26

La Popular Argentina.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits in account current are received from $250 m/c. to the largest sum.

Interest at 8 per cent, capitalized every three months.

Depositors will receive a Pass-book, showing how their account stands.

DEPOSITS AT FIXED DATES.

The sum deposited must not be le s than 100 hard dollars. Depositor will receive a Bond signed by the Government Delegate, the Administrator, and a member of the Vigilance Committee. The interest can be collected every three months by means of Coupons attached to the bond.

At 6 months..... 10 per cent.
" 9 " ..... 11 "
" 12 " ..... 12 "

For more than a year—at rate to be agreed on.

The Bonds and Coupons when due will be paid in any Town in America or Europe, to be named when depositing the money.

The Head Office and all the Branches throughout the Republic give Drafts on Europe.

ADMINISTRACION GENERAL
Calle Piedad 213½
cj—m5
cj—338 1m mh31

Jose de Carabasa,

127—CANGALLO—127

Desde esta fecha hasta nuevo aviso la tasa de interes sera como sigue:

SE PAGA

Por depositos en cuenta corriente o a la vista	6
A plazos fijo de 30 dias.....	8
" " 60 "	9
" " 90 "	
" mas largo convencional	
SE COBRA	
Por adelantos en cuenta corriente.....	15
Descuento de Pagares y Letras sera convencional.	

HORAS DE DESPACHO.

De las 10 a.m. a las 4 p.m. y los sabados hasta las 5 p.m.

Buenos Ayres, 1° Nov. 1873. g n1

THE
Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company

CAPITAL,
Two Millions Sterling.

In addition to the unlimited liability of upwards of One Thousand Proprietors, the Company has

INVESTED FUNDS
To the extent of £3,630,615 sterling, and
ANNUAL REVENUE
Of £1,247,146 sterling.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to effect Insurances against losses by Fire on Buildings and Merchandise in Private Stores, Custom-house Property, and Bonded Stores; on all Dwellings, Private and Quinta Houses in or out of the City, at favourable rates.

Settlements for losses arranged here by the Agents, under a Power of Attorney, without reference to the Head Office.

Apply between 11 and 3 daily, to
F. NEILD & CO.,
148 Calle Piedad.
cj—ix 11p80

ORIENTAL Telegram Agency.

57—CALLE SAN MARTIN—57

(Opposite the Bolsa)

Names and Addresses, if registered through these Agencies, are counted and charged as ONE WORD only. No charge is made for this registration.

The charge for the first word also covers cost of transmission by Telegraph of the place from which the Message is sent, date, and time of despatch.

A special feature of these agencies consists in telegraphing the number of words in each despatch.

It will greatly facilitate business if the registered number is placed upon Messages before being handed in for transmission.

Extracts from the Oriental Telegram Company's Rules.

Rule 3.—Implicit secrecy is to be observed with regard to Messages, not only as to their content, but not information is to be given as to whether any person or firm has or has not sent a message.

Rule 4.—Complaints of error, delay, or of any other nature, should be made by the person forwarding the message. The Receiving Agent cannot give any information on the subject, and should be very careful not to speculate upon the causes of delays, &c.

Rule 9.—Every message must be signed by the sender.

Rule 10.—All messages are to be prepaid to their destination.

Rule 34.—In the event of doubt arising as to the correctness of a message, the Cable Company may be prevailed upon to repeat it; but the Rules of the Cable Company must be regarded in this matter, and the message cannot be rectified at the expense of the Oriental Agency.

The system adopted exclusively by these Companies insures a degree of accuracy in the transmission of telegrams acknowledged by the chief Cable Companies never to have been attained by any other agency.

Merchants, bankers and others are invited to register their names without delay. Registration gratis, after which the names and addresses of firms and their correspondents count as ONE word only.

The Registration Book is now opened, and we earnestly request those intending to register to come early, so that the lists may be ready for the first steamer.

EXAMPLE.

Jones, Elder and Co., Buenos Ayres.

Elder and Co., London.
Vivaldi and Co., Paris.
Ferreira and Co., Havre.
Robinson and Co., Liverpool.
Johnson and Co. Manch'r.
Smith, C.E., Glasgow.
Viarmi Hijor, Lisbon.

Each of the above correspondents has a number.

J. M. GRIFFITHS, Agent.
cj | 64 1 m a 9

THE
MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE,

(Limited)

London, Buenos Ayres, and Montevideo.

STATUTES APPROVED, OCTOBER 25, 1872.

The Statutes of this Bank having been duly approved by the Chambers and the Government, the Public are hereby informed that the Business hitherto carried on in the name of WANKLYN and CO., will henceforth be continued in that of "THE MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE, Limited."

All Cheques, and other Documents still existing in the name of "Wanklyn and Co.," will be considered as equally valid with those of the new Bank.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Buenos Ayres, January 1, 1873.

Messrs. Wanklyn and Co. take this opportunity to thank the Public for the liberal share of support accorded to them in the past, and to request a continuance of favors for the new Establishment.

THE
MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(Limited.)

No. 85—Reconquista—No. 85½

Authorized Capital....£1,500,000 stg.
Subscribed Capital.... 1,000,000 "

Directors in Buenos Ayres.

Samuel B. Hale, Esq.
Ambrosio P. Lezica, Esq.
Charles P. Lumb, Esq.
A. J. Mackinlay, Esq. } Directors.
J. Lastalle Esq.

Frederic Wanklyn, Esq., Managing Director

From this date until further notice, Interest will be allowed:—

In account current ..... 6 per cent.
With 15 days' notice..... 9 "
For 60 days fixed ..... 7 "
" 90 " " ..... 8 "
And charged for Debits in Account Current, 15 per Cent.

Bills discounted at conventional rates.

Bills of Exchange purchased at current rates.

Bills of Exchange issued on London and other parts of England, all the branches of the National Bank in Ireland, and of the British Linen Company Bank in Scotland; on Paris, Bordeaux, Antwerp, Genoa, Berlin, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Madrid, and all the branches of the Bank of Castile, Lisbon, Oporto, Geneva, New York, Montreal, and all the branches of the Bank of Montreal, Bombay, and all the Branches of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, and also on all the principal cities of Europe, &c.

Circular Notes issued to travellers.

Letters of Credit issued on the Head Office in London, and on Paris, Antwerp, Genoa, New York, &c. Commission charged only on the amount used.

Letters of Credit, payable here at the current rate of Exchange, can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country from the Head Office in London; from the National Bank in Ireland, and from the other agents of the Bank.

A complete list of Agents may be seen at the office.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Buenos Ayres, July 1, 1874. 1 jan 1-

THE
MERCANTILE BANK OF THE RIVER PLATE.

(LIMITED)

Beg to advise the Public that, owing to the closing of the Money Order Office in the British Consulate of this City, they will be happy to issue their drafts for large or small amounts, payable on demand in the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, at the same rate as formerly charged.

F. WANKLYN,
Managing Director.

Calle Reconquita, No. 48,
Sept. 13th, 1873. cj—xp 29 o 4

Banco Argentino.

Buenos Ayres,
Noviembre 9 de 1874.

Habiendo comenzado nuevemente sus operaciones, este Establecimiento, continuara recibiendo depositos, con arreglo a la tasa de interes siguiente:

Por Depositos a plazo fijo abona.....	9 p%
A la vista.....	8 "
Caja de Ahorros.....	6 "

p.p. Banco Argentino.
A. M. DEL PONT.
cj—nov 11

Banco Argentino.

El Directorio de este Banco, en la necesidad de reunir cuanto antes, los recursos necesarios para pagar á todos sus acreedores, y no pudiendo verificar el cobro de la que se le adeuda, por las circunstancias delicites del pais; ha resuelto usar de la facultad que le confiere el articulo 17 de los estatutos, llamando á todos los Señores Accionistas para que abonen un dividendo de (10 p%) diez por ciento sobre sus respectivas acciones á cuenta del 40 p% que aun esta pendiente en la Tesoreria del Banco, desde el 21 de Noviembre, hasta el 21 de Diciembre del corriente año.

De orden del Directorio,
EL SECRETARIO.
cj—137 1m oct 23

Given Away.

LAS VIDAS DE LOS PRESIDENTES DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS.

Now, Beautiful. 1st Prize.

STEEL PLATES Costs 12 Patacons.

Her Majesty's Tower, 2 vols. Costs 20 Dollars Second Prize.

New Novels, 1 Parcel, cost 100 dollars. Third Prize.

Do. 1 parcel, cost 100 dollars, Fourth Prize.

Do. 1 parcel, costs 100 Dollars. Fifth Prize.

☞ To Subscribers of Periodicals, Magazines, &c.

STANDARD BOOK STORE,
116½ San Martin,

To be drawn for at 2 p.m., SATURDAY, 21st inst.
cj—139 2p nov 14

DIRECCION GENERAL DE RENTAS DE LA PROVINCIA.

PATENTES.

Se previene a los contribuyentes que estan obligados á pagar de la Patente; que el Gobierno por decreto de 2 del actual ha dispuesto el termino de 6 dias en la ciudad y un mes en la campaña, ambos plazos contados desde alquilla ferez, por que se munen de la patente que les corresponde, bajo la pena establecida en la ley de la materia que impone el 50 p% a aquellos que no cumplan con esta obligacion.

Buenos Ayres, Noviembre 2, 1874.
N. DIBER.
Oficial Mayor.
ci..24 26p nov 5

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY
Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers,
Oficio
8—CALLE PERU—268

THE
NATIONAL BANK

32 Calle Reconquista.

Rate of interest from June 20th, till further notice, as follows—

THE BANK CHARGES

For discounting Bills ..... 12 p%

ALLOWS

In Account Current	8 p%
In Savings Bank,.....	6 p%
Fixed Deposits 60 days.....	9 p%
Do. 90 days	10 p%

OFFICE HOURS—10 a.m. to 3½ p.m.

Buenos Ayres, October 21, 1874.

By Order,
The DIRECTORS.
cj—oct 2

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

Business Hours, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m

Deposits of not less than $400 m/c and $f. 16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interest not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalised. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month, or on returning the deposit.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures, having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days o six months, on the condition that at maturity hey are paid in full.

The Bank draws at three days' sight upon the following Branches, charging only ¼ per cent. Commission:—

SAN NICOLAS,	CHASCOMUS
CHIVILCOY,	TANDIL
MERCEDES,	25 DE MAYO,
LOBOS,	EXALTACION DE
SALTO,	LA CRUZ.
AZUL.	SAN PEDRO
DOLORES,	PERGAMINO,
BARADERO	LAS FLORES.

The Branches also draw upon the Central Bank at sight, and at the same rate; and upon each other at 8 days' sight.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

The Bank lends to artizans and operation sums from *Three to Twenty Thousand Dollars*, on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature.

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1st. The Bank opens Accounts Current or commercial house.

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—
Private depositors, 6 per cent. per annum m/c
Do. 6 do do specie
To private depositors,
In account current 4 per cent per annum do.
Do 4 do do cur.

CHARGES—
Discounts in currrency, 8 per cent. per annum
Do specie 8 do do

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK.

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.

It pays Mortgags Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.

The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 liuertes.

No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.

The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortization fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission,

Series D—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 28 years 6 days; 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.

The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.

Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary as also the tables for amortization.

Quarterly mortgagers shall pay from 8th to 16th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 6th and 15th of each January and July.

With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.

The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.

The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the way of realizing the cedulas, and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.

On and after the 16th February 1872, the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.

Jose M. La Fuente,
Secretary.

111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111
1—xp 62 12

For Antwerp.

The fine new Belgian Steamer.
NELUSKO,
1. 3.3 L.I.I. 2279 registered tons,
Capt. A. FALK,

Will be despatched for Antwerp on or about 25th NOVEMBER,
Calling at Havre if inducement offerr.

This fine Steamer has excellent accommodation for Passengers.
For freight and passages apply to
ALFRED CORTEN & CO.,
Agents.
Or
JOHN P. BOYD & CO.,
Brokers, 34½ Piedad.
h 144 15p n 14

P.S.N.C.

Pacific Steam Navigation Company.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

The following (or other) Steamers, are appointed to sail from Montevideo in NOVEMBER as under.

FOR
Liverpool & Ports.

SORATA..... Wednesday, 11th November
CORCOVADO... Wednesday, 25th "

All the above will call at Rio, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Liverpool, and the Sorata will call also at Bahia and Pernambuco.

For the Pacific.

POTOSI ..... Wednesday, 4th November
YBERIA ..... Thursday, 19th "
PUNO ..... Wednesday, 2d December

Calling at Sandy Point, Coronel, Valparaiso, and all northern ports, thereof, as far as Callao.

Passengers for the Pacific should be in Montevideo on the day before the above dates o sailing.

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Sandy Point	20	15	8
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For full particulars apply to the Agents—
YARROW, HETT, and CO.,
63——CALLE RECONQUISTA——63
BUENOS AYRES,
cj—nov 10

DONALDSON, BROTHERS.

Clyde Line of Steamers

TO

BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE.

COLINA	.. 2000	..	.. Marr.
CYBELE	.. 2000	..	.. Blair.
ASTARTE	.. 1600	..	.. Rollo.

The well-known
S.S. ASTARTE,
Will be despatched for
ANTWERP,
ON
DECEMBER 7th,
To be followed by the fine steamer
COLINA,

Cargo will be received on board 48 hours after arrival at this port.

This Steamer has been fitted out with all the latest improvements. The Cabins are spacious and elegant, every regard having been had for the comfort of passengers.

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cj..171 xp oct 28

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De G. B. Lavarello y Ca.

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Valparaiso.

El Vapor
"EUROPA,"
Saldra el
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GIOVANNI LAVARELL,
115 RECONQUISTA,
cj—oct 8

HAMBURG AND SOUTH AMERICA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Direct Line between the River Plate and Hamburg.

The Company's splendid Steamship
"MONTEVIDEO,"
2,700 Tons,
Captain E. KIER,
Will leave this Port for
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Rio de Janeiro, and Bahia,
ON
The 18th NOVEMBER, 1874.

Carrying Passengers, Cargo, Parcels, and Specie.

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CHAS. WM. BENN & CO.,
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HON. TREASURER,
Mr. Reginald J. Neild, Piedad No. 148.

HON. SECRETARY,
Mr. R. I. Runciman, 110 Calle Piedad.

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cj—nov 19

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BELGIAN ROYAL MAIL COMPANY (LIMITED).

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RIVER PLATE LINE.

The following Steamers Load in London and Antwerp, and are despatched from Southampton on the 3d and 18th of each month for

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	Tons.		Tons
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CHAS. HOWARD	1304	RD. COBDEN.	1348

ARGENTINO.. 1426.

The well-known first-class

S.S. RHONE,

Will be despatched for

LONDON & ANTWERP,

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Calling at Montevideo and Rio Janeiro.

The S.S. ARGENTINO,

Is shortly expected to arrive, and will load at Rosario, San Nicolas, and this Port, FOR

ANTWERP DIRECT,

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Southampton, and forwarded to London, by special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

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cj—nov 18

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OF

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30—CALLE CANGALLO—30.

THURSDAY, 19th.
For Rosario and Ports, the PROVEEDOR.

SATURDAY 21st.
For Salto and Ports, the VILLA DEL SALTO
Do. Montevideo, the RIO DEL PLATA.

A. MATTI & PEREIRA, Agents, 30 Cangallo

cj—nov 19

Ocean Mail Service.

DEPARTURES.

Nov 19th—Steamer Poitou, for Montevideo, Rio, Gibraltar, Barcelona, Marseilles, and Genoa.

Do. 22d—Steamer Rhone, for Montevideo, Rio, Antwerp, and London.

Correspondence may be posted as follows:—
Central Post-office, November 19th, up to 1 p.m. and 22d, 11 a.m.
Maritime Branch, November 19th, up to 1½ p.m., 22d.

cj—nov 19

EL Vapor Ingles SATURNO defiere s salida para Montevideo del Miercoles hasta el Viernes 20.

Agencia—Reconquista 99.

cj—nov 19

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

A Casa Quinta,

Newly built, and well-finished, in

CALLE MORENO, No. 638,

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Five Rooms, and every convenience.

Tramway at the door. Very high ground. No better investment could be made in the present state of things.

Apply to

Messrs. DENNEHY y MIROLI, San Martin 130; or at Calle Temple, No. 346; or on the Premises.

cj..192 3p nov 19

MR. ANTON SCHRODER,

FORMERLY at Barracas al Norte, and now in the Fishery of Mr. D. Jager, at Chascomus, please return the horse you took, without allowance from my stable, within 8 days; or pay the amount for the same.

J. DUHST.

cj—196 3p nov 19

RESIDENT GOVERNESS.

A YOUNG ENGLISH LADY, requires a situation in an English or native family, in Buenos Aires or Quilmes.

Can teach English, French, Music, and the rudiments of Drawing.

Address G. H., Office of this Paper.

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Acquirements—English thoroughly, in all its branches, Music, and the rudiments of French and Drawing.

Address M. A. Hibbert and Co., English Bookseller, 153½ Calle Florida.

cj..1934p nov 19

RESIDENT ENGLISH PROFESSOR,

WANTED, a Youth of good address, and well versed in Spanish.

Apply at the Institute Commercial, Calle Peru 366.

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AN ENGLISH LADY,

WHO has resided in France several years, being thoroughly competent to teach French, wishes to give lessons in that language and English.

For further particulars address Mrs. Ponson, No. 13 Calle Belgrano, Flores, or 389 Calle Victoria, Buenos Ayres.

cj..197 3p nov 19

HOUSEMAID. Wanted by a small English family a good girl.

Apply Calle Piedad 874, front of Molina San Martin.

jr—199 3p n19

LETTERS.

Elliston, Rev. Kenelm Vaughan, Elley clunkett, Ledwith, Stewart, M'Donald, Craig, Kelly, Pipe, Lieut. Brown, Mrs' Platter, John Stemart. Mary Mulhernan, Hoare' Maguire, Mary Dowd, H J Riddel, G F Adams, Mrs Maybury, Peter Kinsley, Nicholas Fitzgerald, Mrs E Devereux, Mrs. W. Greer, Mahony, O'Brien, Smith. Hudden 2, Greenaway Kelly, Adams, Miller, Sarrh Jones, Slatter, Aungier, Kenny.

cj—nov 19

Balbin y Plowes.

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Averias sufridas abordo

DEL

Buque "SHEFFIELD"

Por cuenta de seguros

Al contado,

En nuestra casa Peru 19.

EL VIERNES 20 del corriente

A las 12 en punto

Remataremos al mejor precio lo siguiente:

1000 cubetes pintura blanca.
500 " " " mejor.
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15 fardos, cada uno 5 quintales papel estraza.
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4 " " " 500 bolsas cal.
10 cajones " " 24 latas galletitas surtidas, Huntley y Palmer.
8 " " " 6 docenas ex Anchovies.
6 " " " 6 " Mushroom Catsup.
12 " " " 6 " Worcester Sauce.
45 " " " 4 " mostaza Inglesa.
50 " " " 3 " encurtidos.

Al mismo tiempo:—
50 cajones coñac,
50 frasqueras ginebra,
20 cajones vermuth,
tercios yerba, te, cal, nueces, azucar y varios otros comestibles.

Los interesados que deseen pasar vista a dichos articulos, pueden hacerlo desde el Martes.

Recomendamos a las personas que quieran vender en este remate, manden sus articulos con anticipation.

NOTA

Continuaremos dando un remate de comestibles cada semana.

sch—170 3p n17

Banco Nacional.

La Asamblea-General de Accionistas de Banco Nacional queda convocada para el dia

25 DE NOVIEMBRE proximo,

En el local y á la hora que se señalazan oportunamente.

Los objetos de esta reunion son los espresados en el Art. 48 de los Estatutos; y en consecuencia se hace saber a los accionistas que segun el sorteo practicado resultaron salientes los Señores Angel Maria Mendez, Felix Bernal y Leonardo Pereira, y por renuncia los Señores Emilio Castro, Felipe Llavallol y Norberto de la Riestra, quienes deberan ser reemplazados por los que nombre la Asamblea.

Se previene á los accionistas: que en virtud de art. 43 de los Estatutos se considerara caduco todo poder que haya sido otorgado para hacerse representar en Asamblea anterior s á la convocada para el 20 de Octubre.

Los accionistas deberanocurrir á la Secretaria del Banco desde el dia 14 de Noviembre proximo al 24 inclusive á recibir sus boletas que presentaran en cada una de las votaciones que tenga lugar en la Asamblea.

Buenos Ayres, Octubre 29 de 1814.

EL DIRECTORIO:

cj..203 20p nov 1

PRESS REGULATIONS.

STATE OF SIEGE.

The War-office has directed the Chief of Police to enforce the following regulations as regards newspapers published in Buenos Ayres:—

—1st. The obligation of sending the first 4 copies to the War-Office is suspended.

—2nd. No paper to publish any news from sources unfriendly to the Government, or any sarcastic comments upon the campaign.

—3rd. The Chief of Police to arrest any person printing or selling bulletins without the name of the editor.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 22nd 1874.

RAILWAYS.

DEPARTURES.

NORTHERN—*7.0, 8,10, *9.50, 11.0, *12.20 1.0 *3.20, *4:30, 5.15 *6.33. *8.0.

GREAT SOUTHERN*—†8.0, 9.20, 10.25, †11.20, †1.35, *2.35, 3.40 4.40, 5.30, 5.49.

QUILMES & ENSENADA—*8.0; 10.25 2.35; *5.5; 8.25,
Also 19 Trains to Boca and Barracas.

WESTERN—7, 9.x, 10.50, 12.55, 4, 5, 7.15.

* Only those marked go full length.
†SUNDAYS and FEAST-DAYS

cj—No 41 s1

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1874.

SANITARY SCIENCE.

Dr. Lyon Playfair, of Edinburgh, and Mr. Adolphe Vaillant, of Montevideo, give us some instructive lessons on public health, which it would be desirable for the authorities to take note of, especially as Buenos Ayres and Montevideo have so high an ordinary death rate, besides frequent epidemics.

There is probably no branch of human science in which so much progress has been made during the past thirty years, in Europe, as in the treatment of sanitary matters so as to reduce the death rate per annum, and thus prolong the average of human life. It is true that the span of man's life is said to be now, as it was in the days of Moses, "three-score years and ten." But the proportion of people who reach that age is double as many now-a-days as in the time of our grandfathers, thanks to the advance of sanitary science. Nor has England yet reached perfection in this point, for Dr. Playfair shows that the want of sanitary improvements causes yearly an extra mortality of 125,000 persons in Great Britain, besides 4,200,000 cases of sickness that might be avoided by a proper attention to the rules of cleanliness and health. He shews that the death rate of London was 80 per mil only 200 years ago, and has successively fallen to 35 per mil in the last century and 22 per mil at present, making it the healthiest city in the world.

The average duration of human life in London in the 17th century was little over 12 years; in other words probably two-thirds of the inhabitants died before reaching 2 years old; the figures would be more or less as follow—

Per cent.		Life.
70	.....	3 years
20	.....	30 "
8	.....	40 "
2	.....	70 "

In the 18th century the average rose to 30 years, the present proportion in B. Ayres, Montevideo, New York, Berlin and Vienna not exceeding 25 years, whereas the present ratio in London is over 45 years.

The chief cause of our heavy death-rate in the River Plate, as also happens in Chile according to Dr. Rawson's shewing, is the fearful mortality of children. Dr. Lyon Playfair points to this also as a remarkable feature in Lancashire, and ascribes it to dirt and concomitant evils. If we had not before us the registered returns of births and deaths in Buenos Ayres for the last ten years we might be supposed to exaggerate when we say that the number of deaths exceeds the number of births.

Nevertheless it is manifest from the official returns that but for immigration Buenos Ayres would decline in numbers every year, till reduced to a howling wilderness like the ruins of Carthage or Goa. The latter city, built by the Portuguese in the 17th century, had more deaths than births every year till finally abandoned by the Viceroy and inhabitants, who built new Goa some 10 miles distant.

Dr. Playfair shews that while London every year lowers her death-rate by sanitary amelioration the contrary takes place in Scotland. In the large towns he explains it by the influx of indigent Irish laborers, but he says in the rural districts it proceeds from neglect of cleanliness in dwellings.

A similar increase of mortality is observable in Montevideo, according to Mr. Vallaint, marked by an excessive death-rate among children; over 2-thirds of the children dying in infancy, or double the average in the crowded city of Paris. The stranger who visits the River Plate is struck by the salutary and invigorating atmosphere of our climate; so it is naturally, but the abominable drainage system of Montevideo and the utter neglect of health matters in Buenos Ayres, have converted both these cities into places with a higher death-rate (see Dr. Playfair's figures) than Bombay or Calcutta.

Dr. Playfair shews that the city of Glasgow loses a sum of £240,000 yearly in the extra sickness from overcrowding and imperfect city improvements. It would be easy to prove that Buenos Ayres loses a still larger amount from the same cause; instead of 8,000 deaths yearly in a city of 200,000 souls we should not have over 4,000 could we but reduce our rate to that of London; these 4,000 lives annually saved represent in a new country four millions hard dollars of labouring capital. And as 4,000 extra deaths stand for 136,000 cases of sickness, of 18 days each (at an average of 1 hard dollar daily, though Dr. Playfair only calculates labour in Glasgow at half a dollar per day) it follows that B. Ayres loses by preventable sickness no less than 2,448,000$ fts. per annum.

The whole science of Government, as Dr. Playfair and Mr. Disraeli have said, ought to consist now in reducing the annual death-rate and prolonging the average of human life. Nothing can be more instructive than the lecture of Dr. Playfair at Glasgow, which we give in another column, the text of which is that playful alteration of the words of the Psalmist:—"Sanitas sanitatum, et omnia sanitas."

THE SITUATION.

FIFTY-SIXTH DAY.

The Official Bulletin contains telegrams from Tucuman and Entre-Rios. The first that Tucuman enjoys profound peace, the second that Entre Rios will supply 800 or 1,000 men to the Reserve-army at Rosario; also that a band of rebels near Concordia has been dispersed and the leader conducted prisoner to Concepcion. Another telegram from Santa Fe says that Manzanares cut up Hernandez, killing 2 persons named Gollo and Castañeda, and 2 others, near Cayastacito.

President Avellaneda issued a decree yesterday that all persons having National Guard deserters hidden in their houses are to report same within 3 days, or suffer the penalties prescribed by law. The Governors of the various Provinces are to carry out the decree.

The Minister of Interior sent the following notice on the 17th inst. to the Chief of Police—

"It is absolutely prohibited for Editors to publish anything on the operations, movements, or forces of the army.

"No news or correspondence of this kind can be copied from papers published elsewhere.

"Everyday at 2 p.m. the Sub-Secretary of Interior will prepare a Bulletin of news, a copy of which will be given to every native or foreign paper in B. Ayres."

The *National* publishes the following, from Montevidean papers—

"The Parana gunboat is said to have accompanied the Rivas to outside the port of Montevideo on Monday evening.

"Gen. Gelly-Obes and Dr. Garcia are said to have reached Maldonado on Friday 13th, and returned to Montevideo on Monday 16th late at night.

"Obligado, commander of the Parana, is said to have abandoned the Rivas by express orders from General Mitre.

The *Nacional* gives the following news of its own authority:—

"Colonel Panelo has appointed Dr. Cortes as Governor of San Luis, Mr. Rosario Suarez as Chief of Police, and Dr. Savié as Minister of Government.

"The Alcalde of the Custom-house reported yesterday the discovery of 1,500 Remington rifles that there was no knowledge of.

"The islands of Gualeguay are swarming with banditti, of whom several have been killed or wounded by the authorities.

"The *Ferro-carril* of M.Video says that Capt. Maguasco wanted to fight the Government fleet at Maldonado, but was over-ruled. Before abandoning the Rivas he transhipped coal, provisions and 2 heavy rifled guns, throwing overboard 2 other pieces. When the Rivas was boarded at M. Video, and the 3 men sent ashore they were so drunk that they could not speak."

DR. LYON PLAYFAIR'S LECTURE ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

The first question which occurs is—are we making distinct and satisfactory progress by our sanitary measures? The answer to that question depends upon our periods of comparison. For 20 years after the Restoration there was an exceptionally high mortality. Macaulay describes it as a time 'when men died faster in the purest country air than they now die in the most pestilential lanes of our towns, and when men died faster in the lanes of our towns than they now die on the coast of Guinea.' What are the rates of death a various periods since then? The annual deaths from all causes per thousand of the population were—

1660.....	80 per thousand.
1685.....	42 "
1746.....	35 "
1846.....	25 "
1871.....	22½ "

Hence one gratifying fact comes out clear and palpable, that the death-rate is on the whole continually decreasing in this country, and that the chances of our lives are much better than in the days of our ancestors. There is, meantime, a constant disposition among our population to congregate in towns and to leave rural districts. Hamlets become villages, and towns grow into cities. At the beginning of this century England had no town except London with more than 100,000 inhabitants; now there are 13. And as the rate of mortality is largely influenced by the density of the population, the causes producing sanitary improvement must be at least equal to those of deterioration. But that remark applies to England only, for when we turn to Scotland the deteriorating influences become unhappily too apparent. The following numbers give the rate of mortality for every thousand of the population in Scotland:—

	1855-59.	1861-70.
	—	—
Principal towns..	27	28
Small towns.....	20	22
Rural districts...	16	17

Thus every class of districts in Scotland is augmented in its rate of mortality.

The essential condition in the health of communities and of individuals must be the same. They must be well-clothed, well-fed, well-housed, well-aired, and well-watered. The more we consider the question of public health, the simpler does the problem become in theory, though the attainment is difficult in practice. All that we need aim to secure is purity or cleanliness in the house, the air, and the water, and genuineness in the food and clothes. In fact, a great part of sanitary science can be comprised in that one word—cleanliness. No epidemic can resist clean houses, clean air, and clean water. Death, like the evil demons of old, shuns cleanly places. In olden times, as among the Jews, evil spirits dwelt in filthy places, especially loving tombs and ordure. Every latrine contained a special demon of its own, and does to the present day in a different sense.

The ancients fought against evil smells more vigorously than the moderns. Sometimes, indeed, they simply tried to mask them with pertumes. Thus, when we hear that ancient Capua had whole streets filled with perfumers' shops, we know that it must have been a foul-smelling and ill-governed city. Hercules was one of the oldest and most thorough of the ancient sanitarians. He saved the Eleans from pestilence by draining their marshes, and executed a thorough sanitary operation when he cleansed out the Augean stables by turning into them the waters of the Alpheus. But of all sanitary reformers, Moses was amongst the most practical. He was learned in the wisdom of the Egyptians, and they, as we know, were hygienists. One of the commandments, though it does not remain among the ten which Moses brought down from the Mount for our guidance, was, "Thou shalt not pollute rivers." The hygienic laws of Moses, supplementary to his ten moral commandments, are full of wisdom. The purifications required by religious observances were in the main hygienic precautions.

Before long we may be obliged to enact the ancient laws of Moses for isolating patients with infectious disease, and for cleansing the houses in which it occurred. In the case of cattle, we knock them on the head and kill them, and there is an end of cattle plague. We cannot do that with men; but if we could isolate cholera patients we could as easily prevent its spread as in the case of cattle plague. We do isolate them in the case of ships; why not in houses? The isolation of patients afflicted with small pox, scarlatina and measles will one day become a part of hygienic law, though at present it would not be supported by public opinion. In the time of Cardinal Wolseley plague patients were strictly isolated. During the best times of Greece and Rome public health was much studied. The greatness of Rome is still evidenced by its sanitary works, in the great acqueducts, the Cloaca Maxima and other hygienic appliances. It is, then, clear that the ancients knew as well as the moderns the main conditions of public health, viz., that foulness is the source of disease, and that cleanliness is its preventive. Purity of the person, purity of the dwelling and its surroundings, purity of the air, purity of the water, purity of the soil—in one word, cleanliness—form the beginning and the end of hygiene.

But understand this practical maxim in its full significance. I do not mean personal ablution, but an uncompromising war with uncleanliness of all kinds.

When the civilisation of the Egyptions, the Jews, the Greeks and the Romans faded, the world passed through dark ages of mental and physical barbarism. For a thousand years there was not a man or woman in Europe that ever took a bath. No wonder that there came the wondrous epidemics of the middle ages, which cut off one-fourth of the population of Europe—the spotted plague, black death, sweating sickness, and the terrible mental epidemics which followed in their train—the dancing mania, the mewing mania, and the biting mania. Look at Defoe's or Montaigne's descriptions of the plagues of their day.

The plague at Bordeaux, from which Montaigne fled to his country house, killed 18,000 out of 40,000 people. It followed him and destroyed whole villages. The harvest was not reaped, the grapes were ungathered. Under all these influences plagues were very destructive in England. Men first began to connect them with filth by some striking examples. The great fire of London taught Englishmen a wholesome lesson, for it came as a great sanitary agent to extirpate the foul nests of disease in the metropolis. And so at last the moderns learnt what the ancients knew very well, that public health can only be assured by clean liness, and that filth is the parent of disease both among individuals and communities. Hippocrates, who was the first hygienist that wrote a whole book on public health, took as his text "pure air, pure water, and a pure soil;" and you see we have arrived at nearly the same view of the essential conditions of health. Napoleon, as a result of long experience in the hygiene of armies, came to the same conclusion, for he said at St. Helena. "Water, air, and cleanliness are the chief articles in my pharmacopœia." And so are they in the pharmacopœia of the public health and medical officer. Air is of all things the most familiar to us. To breathe it is our first act of life. All during life it is never absent from our voluntary or involuntary actions. It fans us with gentle breezes, and it buffets us with storms. Surely we ought to know everything about this familiar object; yet, in fact, we are by no means intimately acquainted with it. This we do know, that air, pure, free, and abounding air, contains within itself the power of purifying itself from all the abominations which we pour into it, and that it is a wonderful mechanical scavenger for carrying away all gaseous impurities. If you only imitate the ways of Nature in your hygienic arrangements, they will be fruitful in good results.

How differently do we act in our civic arrangements. We forget the experience of our forefathers, that every cesspool has its own particular evil spirit residing within it, and we are surprised when the demon emerges, especially at night, and strikes down our loved ones with typhoid fever or other form of pestilence. Perhaps we go a step further in the hygiene of moderns, and do throw the foul matter into drains, which empty themselves into our once beautiful rivers, though in many cases they are still used as a beverage by people lower down in the stream. This country once gloried in her beautiful rivers, but they are now mere open ditches which pollute the districts through which they flow. The self-purifying powers of rivers, and even of the sea pouring in its tidal wave to dilute them, has no chance against the mass of abominations which large towns pour into them. But there is no longer an excuse for their doing so, for there are now various effective and well-matured processes for purifying drains before the water is ultimately discharged into the river. Parliament must enact for this country the ancient commandment of the Egyptians, and say to all municipalities and manufacturers, 'Thou shalt not pollute rivers.' They have already said so to the latter in regard to air. When I was a student in Glasgow, I remember the tall chimney of St. Rollox used to vomit forth noxious vapours, destroying vegetation and annoying the inhabitants. I had some small influence in persuading the late Lord Derby to pass an Act forbidding the pollution of the air. Municipalities and manufacturers should now be prohibited by heavy penalties from fouling rivers. The present Prime Minister has lately told a deputation that he is greatly interested in this object. Such a triumph of sanitary legislation would be worthy of the great State doctor who has taken as his motto, "Sanitas sanitatum, omnia sanitas." If he achieve the purification of our rivers, I am sure that I can promise him from this association, and, indeed, from all political parties in the State, an amount of applause that can best be expressed in the words, if not in the meaning, of Macbeth, when he says:—

"'Come Sir, despatch; if thou could'st, doctor, cast
"'The water of our land, find its disease,
"'And purge it to a sound and pristine health,
"'I would applaud thee to the very echo
"'That should applaud again.'

But, hitherto, probably from the force of circumstances, we have had promises only. Sure another Session cannot pass without serious attempt at sanitary reform, when we recollect that the Prime Minister of England is the same orator who used the following remarkable words—"I think public attention ought to be concentrated on sanitary legislation. After all, the first consideration of a Minister should be the health of the people." In the recent progress of hygiene nothing has been more clearly proved than that diseases are largely propagated through foul water. Whole villages and streets in large towns have been stricken with disease by portions of human excreta finding their way into water. From what I have already said you will observe that the natural purifiers on which we should rely in combating the pollution of our cities are a free supply of untainted air, unpolluted water, a porous soil and a healthy vegetation in the squares of our towns to help to purify their atmospheres and to pour into them life-giving-oxygen. It is the want of these conditions which make both town and country dwellings unhealthy. It is a matter of recognized experience that even efficient ventilation of these would be of little use unless the ground on which they are built is also ventilated, that is, drained of underlying water. It is not in fevers alone that the influence of the soil is apparent. Consumption itself—that great scourge of this country—is greatly mitigated by drying and ventilating the soil, as well as by ventilating the dwellings. After the sewerage of Salisbury the deaths from consumption fell 49 per cent., in Ely they fell 47 per cent., in Rugby 43 per cent. and in Banbury 41 per cent. Dryness and elevation and well ventilated rooms are powerful means to prevent as they are to retard consumption. Although the amount of air required by an individual for respiration is comparatively small yet he fouls so much air both by carbonic acid and organic exhalations that from 2,000 to 3,000 cubic feet should be allowed to pass through a chamber every hour for each person sleeping or living in it.

In schools, for instance, often not one-fifth the amount of ventilation is given which is requisite for health. In modern hygiene nothing is more conclusively established than the fact that vitiated atmosphere in our dwellings and their surroundings are the most fruitful of all sources of disease. Light and air are as necessary to the dwellers in cities as they are to the trees of a forest. There you see trees, pining for air and light, push their branches in the direction of every inlet. It the forest be under skilled care, the forester, with his pruning knife, cuts down the weak saplings, and leaves sufficient space for air and light to those of promising growth. But in an overcrowded city, grim Death with his scythe exercises little discrimination, and cuts down all those who come within its fell swoop. I have only alluded to the physical evils of overcrowding; but the moral evils are greater still. The death-rate of children in a district is a sort of hygienic barometer of the surrounding physical and moral atmosphere. It is in a falling state in Scotland. The deaths among illegitimate children especially are on the increase. That is new in Scotland, but it is old in England. In some districts in London their rate of mortality when put out to nurse is 70 to 75 in the hundred within the first year. King Herod was not a more efficient baby exterminator than such hired nurses. When I reported on the hygienic state of the large towns of Lancashire in 1846, I was distressed to find the use of opiates among children very prevalent in manufacturing districts.

Among children the administration of opiates, under the name of soothers, is nearly as destructive to health as alcoholic stimulants among adults. The craving for both arises from those depressing physical causes of disease which abound in cities. Dirt and drunkenness are often cause and effect.

I have mentioned various subjects in regard to which legislation is promised to us by the present Government; but there is among their supporters a strong objection to increase local taxation, and without that large measures of improvement cannot be carried out. I should like, therefore, to show you by a single illustration how productive local taxation is. Sanitarians are at present inclined to believe that urban deaths need not exceed 17 in 1000. But let us assume, in the case of Glasgow, that its death rate might be reduced to that of London—that is, 22 in 1000. In this case the unnecessary and preventable deaths in Glasgow, as compared with London, are 3817 annually. But these deaths imply a far larger number of cases of preventable sickness among the living. Statistical investigations made by Pettenkoffer show us that for every case of death in public institutions for the sick there are 34 cases of sickness, so that the 3817 unnecessary deaths must be multiplied by that number in order to give you the minimum cases of preventable sickness. These cases of sickness last on an average 18½ days. Hence the cases of preventable sickness, taken at only 2s. a day, represent an annual cost to the city of Glasgow of £240,000 stg. Franklin's aphorism, "Public health is public wealth," is true even in its more vulgar meaning.

There is abundant proof that sanitary measures are producing great results when well applied. Since the Crimean War the military have placed the health of the army in a much more satisfactory condition, and the result is that the mortality of the army is now less than half of what it was before the war. Formerly the rate of mortality in the chief towns of British India, such as Calcutta and Bombay, was appalling; now, by hygienic improvements and in spite of the tropical climate, it scarcely exceeds that of Manchester, Liverpool and Glasgow. If I had time I could quote to you many cases in England where sanitary constructive works have largely reduced the mortality. The time has now arrived when science must be trusted in Government. Science is entering into the higher education of the country; the progress of a country depends upon the progress of science, and the welfare of a nation is secured by the most intelligent application of science to its manufactures and to its government. The health of the country—and that governs the productive power of its people—depends as much upon the application of medical science as the medical machine depends on a good application of mechanical laws. To trust the whole administration of Health Acts to Poor-law inspectors and lawyers is an amazing example of unbelief in the the first principles of the laws of health. It is an exploded fallacy that only lawyers are good men of business, and that scientific men are not. Is my friend Sir John Lubbock a worse banker because he is an eminent man of science?

No doubt sanitary science, is, like many other sciences, of slow growth. The crop of truths which we are now harvesting results mainly from seed sown by our forefathers. The seed which we ourselves may throw upon the waters will assuredly come up into a harvest, through it may not be for many days. But he who will not sow for futurity deserves nothing from the past. It is our duty to labour for a future which we may never see, and not merely to live on the wealth of accumulated experience, as the heir of riches does when he uses them for himself alone. This Association contains many missionaries for the propagation of sanitary knowledge. Their mission is to stand between the living and the dead, and bid the plague to cease. There have been times when a Scotch Professor like myself dared not have preached such doctrines in Scotland; for his countrymen once hugged the belief that pestilences were Divine judgments, which ought not to be interfered with by human agency. Even then they forgot that there is far more of mercy than of wrath in all Divine arrangements. Undoubtedly pestilences are warnings that man is transgressing the beneficent laws provided for his well-being. It is by disobedience to them that we are punished by 125,000 persons being unnecessarily cut off every year in this country. The object of the health section of this Association is to show our countrymen how this sacrifice of preventable deaths may be avoided. We must not forget that the function of the sanitarian is prevention. His function begins and ends before man reaches his final state of decay, or ever the silver cord be loosed or the wheel be broken at the cistern.'

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The principal sensation in the newspaper world yesterday morning was the note addressed by the Minister of the Interior to the Chief of Police, a translation of which will be found in another column. It took many of our colleagues by surprise, but not us. For the future no news whatever relating to the campaign against the Mitristas can be spontaneously published by any paper in town. More still, the War Office undertakes to supply the city Press every day, at 2 o'clock sharp, with an official bulletin of the latest news, which the papers may publish or not, just as they please. This decree knocks bulletins, special editions and every thing in connection with war news on the cranium. Various were the comments passed on it yesterday in editorial circles. For our part we hail it as an unalloyed boon. The daily bulletins from half a dozen papers with news in which there was nothing new; the strategic leaders that no one could understand; the 'sedices' of every kind, were an unmitigated bore. 'Nous avons changé tout cela.' The Under Sec. for Interior is now the Army Correspondent for all the papers in Buenos Ayres: he relieves the editorial 'gremio' of a very ticklish responsibility, and we gratefully beg to salute him. Considering the state of siege there is nothing extraordinary in this decree. The same can be issued under similar circumstances in any country of Europe, even Great Britain, and 'quien sabe' when the time for the Battle of Dorking arrives if the 'Thunderer' and its contemporaries will not be told that 'mum's the word' when army operations are in question.

All the European emigrants that recently arrived have been sent into the Interior with certainty of employment. The provinces are waking up, and, but for the miserable revolutionary scuffle, would advance still more rapidly. Numerous industries hitherto unknown or dormant are now springing into life in the Interior, and the demand for fresh hands is great. We heard yesterday that Mr. Wilcken, the able Immigration Commissioner, wants 800 fresh hands for the provinces, but they are not to be had. The 750 emigrants coming out in the Italo-Platense are in luck: they will be taken up on the spot.

The public are cautioned against some swindlers now going about town collecting funds in the name of the Sociedad de Misericordia.

The Rev. James Smith returned on Tuesday from a visitation to his flock in the camp. He had service on Sunday at the estancia 25 de Mayo, partido Monte, when a numerous congregation attended. It was impossible to have service at the Cabaña, as the district is swept clean of horses. Mr. David Methvin accompanied the Rev. Mr. Smith on his visit. They say the camp looks like a garden, and everything very quiet. There will be no evening service at the Scotch church on Sunday next, as the Rev. Mr. Smith intends celebrating service on that day at Mr. Methvin's quinta in Flores, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Applications for our issue with the description of the trip to the Amethyst on Monday were so numerous that we were 'sold out' at an early hour. We wish to inform those who may have been disappointed in getting a copy that the article will appear in our next Packet Edition.

Our North American readers here will regret to learn the demise at New York of Madame Agatha States, the gifted Irish prima donna who appeared at the Colon Theatre some years ago, with her husband Sr. Orlandini. Madame States was a singer of considerable celebrity; she was a native of Dublin, her maiden name being Gaynor. She died in her 33rd year from bronchitis. The New York papers pay graceful tributes to her public and private worth.

The National Government got a windfall of 1500 Remington rifles on Tuesday. The weapons were lying in the Custom House to the order of Government, which had forgotten all about them till the Alcaide 'denounced' them.

A London correspondent writes as follows respecting a lovely American lass who created a tremendous sensation in London society last season—

"The great sensation of the season in London is an American heiress, whose fortune is reported at various amounts, varying from $75,000 to $200,000 a year. She is a young lady who, though arriving here late and not having been presented, has been invited to the court festivities, and is attracting a great deal of notice. Everybody is talking of her. Is she as wealthy as people say? What is the real amount of her fortune? Has she any brothers and sisters? She is immensely sought after, and the names of three gentlemen are current in society to each of whom she is reported to be affianced. One of these, the Hon. Walter Harbord, is a cavalry officer, a brother of Lord Sheffield's, and one of the handsomest men of the day. Another is Lord John Hay, and the third is Lord Henry Lennox. Perhaps before the season ends the 'belle Americaine' will have made her selection."

The deaths within the city boundary on Monday last were only eight, four of them being children. Buenos Ayres appears very healthy just now.

We commend to the attention of our readers the magnificent lecture on Sanitary Reform recently delivered by Mr. Playfair, ex-Postmaster General. It is the most exhaustive essay of the kind yet presented to the British public. We are forced to 'boil it down' considerably to suit our columns, but leave intact its salient points.

The business in arms, powder and shot, etc., now going on at the Custom House is tremendous. Even those firms whose members would be eligible for the Peace Society are now in the gun trade. Amongst the arrivals we see 1,000 muskets by the Richard Cobden! Fancy a ship with such a name carrying such a cargo! Such is life.

The columns of our native colleagues yesterday were full of war news; nothing else in them. We'll see what effct the eMinister's 'billet doux' to the Chief of Police will have on them this morning.

A male soprano. The *Frankfort Chronicle* states that a musical eccentricity in the form of a male soprano is at present fulfilling an engagement at the Walhalla Theatre, Berlin. He is an American by birth, is twenty-five years old, and for seven years has been singing in various parts of America, sustaining among other 'roles' those of Leonora in 'Il Trovatore,' and the 'Grande Duchesse' in Offenbach's opera-bouffe, appearing, of course, in character. The *Frankfort Chronicle* states that Mr. Heywood's voice is a fine, clear and cultivated soprano of the ordinary range of two octaves.

We had papers from Santiago del Estero yesterday, but they contain nothing fresh, and even if they did probably we could not publish it. One important thing we gather from the *Eco del Norte*, viz. that it is the correct thing in High Life up there to smoke, keep your hat on, and for both sexes to guzzle beer in the 'palcos' during the performance. It's all a matter of taste. There is nothing inherently vulgar in taking beer when thirsty, still an empty bottle with Guinness's Double X brand on the cushion of a box has a rather startling effect on first acquaintance; smoking and remaining covered in the presence of ladies, however, are not to be tolerated for an instant, and the sooner the upper crust Santiagueñians give up these little pet vices the better.

The following is the very latest theatrical news. Signor Aramburo's benefit at the Opera House on Tuesday was a great success, flowers, wreaths and a gold medal being given him. House bursting. The Alcazar will open again to-morrow. Madame Mariani, ex-prima donna at the Colon Theatre has gone to the Opera House at Paris.

We should feel much obliged to our Flores and Belgrano subscribers if they will give us a call at their earliest convenience. The reason why is, that the war has floored our 'repartidores' in those towns, and we want to know how our subscribers wish to get their papers after the 1st prox., when the 'repartidor' throws up the sponge. There are two ways, the train and the tram, and we wish to make arrangements.

German emigration to the United States is falling off considerably. Since the 1st of January 31,769 German immigrants were landed at Castle Garden, a falling off of 41,945 compared with the first eight months of last year, when 73,724 Germans arrived there. During the last month only 3536 arrived, while during the corresponding month of last year there were 6390. The majority of those arriving are destined for the Western States.

ON 'CHANGE.

Nov. 18th, 1874.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Pats	25
Nat. Bonds	68
Cedulas	78¾

Cedulas took a sudden jump up to-day, owing to the increased ease in discounts. For the first time since the revolution began the Provincial Bank has begun discounting; to-day the bank discounted 8 millions currency, which although under the discount average at this time of the year is about 4 times what the bank has been giving since 24th September.

Through the kindness of a subscriber we have a London telegram dated Nov. 16th, which gives the bank rate at 5. The R. M. Steamer Boyne with Mr. Boyd and other passengers arrived home all right.

Money was offered tolerably freely on the Bolsa to-day on Cedulas at 12 per cent., we note a willingness on the part of discounters to put money on Cedulas at 12 per cent. for 60 days.

The stock sales were—

Cedulas:

Cash	9,400	78½
End month	20,000	78¼
do	10,000	78¾
do	4,000	78¾
Nov. 19	3 300	78¾

In the liquidation—

For cash	6,000	78⅜

Market rules firm and Cedulas scarce.

Exchange rules at 49½, and a good deal done. The Prov. Bank took yesterday £20,000 at 50d. francs 5,28-30.

The business of the day is in wool, Messrs. Peyredieu and Bradley sold 6000 ar. at 82-96; some wool has come in from Dolores and wools now come in more freely. Mr. John Simons wool sold at 93. The same brokers sold 1500 ar. Mr. McFarquhars wool at 100, and 1200 ar. old wool Mr. Sam Fox at 83.

In the North Market a heavy business done—

2000 ar. good wool 88
2000 do 86.
2000 do 83.
5000 do 80.
2000 do 82
7000 do 78
5000 do 74-80
5000 do 80-85

About 25,000 ar. remain over for to-morrow.

Captain Morse who was so long under arrest has sailed as passenger in Donoo.

The following is the American Agency telegram from Montevideo:—

Arrivals—
English steamer Iberia, Liverpool.
Spanish barque Atlas, New York.
American schooner Fannie, New Castle.
Norwegian barque Herunda, Bordeaux.
Brazilian gunboat Broconott, Santos.
Steamers Jupiter and Rosario, B. Ayres, and the Argentine squadron.
Sailed—
Rosario for B. Ayres.
Deuda Interna 60 for cash.
Do, 59 end of month.
Do, 59 end of year.
Inmobiliaria 38½ cash.
Exchange, nothing.
Produce. One lot of calf hides, under weight, 80.

Mr. John Rourke, well-known in our commercial circle, has been elected member of the Bolsa and admitted stock and money broker; Mr. Rourke has a wide circle of friends and a good experience of the market; we hope yet to see him Bolsa King.

Any man who has a week's spare time can study the calculations now appearing in the papers respecting the Argentine Bank payments; we have declined to bother our readers with such a table; the bank pays 5 per cent. every 3 months and interest at the rate of 10 per cent. on whatever amount of capital is due. Nothing could be fairer, yet there is as much noise made about it as if the bank wanted to cheat its creditors; the long rig marole table really amounts to nil.

The fine Lavarello steamer Europa cleared to-day, taking the following cargo.

3000 bales
11000 hides and
320 passengers; has 10,000 sacks coffee waiting Rio.

A merchant has favored us with the following:

New York Nov. 10th

Montevidean 21-23 lbs. at 25 cts.
B. Ayres 25½. Stock excessive.

The decree of the Government respecting the newspapers and bulletins has been a relief to the market, inasmuch as it rescues a too anxious and enquiring public from the victimizing bulletins. This bulletin trade has been pushed to its utmost and is now stopped. The decree is also a relief to editors who, writing under the sarcasms of subscribers were often put to their wits ends to make out news to suit the Govt., the subscribers and the situation. There is an end to all this now, and from the coal sequestered corner of the Minister's office we receive each day a bulletin with all the news of the situation, and until the war terminates we can publish nothing more. The decree in one respect helps trade since it dismisses from the ranks of literature, all those small boys who made the streets hideous shouting their bulletines, and liberates them to follow the even tenour of their way passing from house to house crying 'hay botellas;' viewed in this light the decree in question must be regarded as a well directed measure.

We had mails from Montevideo to-day, but the news amounts to nothing. Mr. Peter Keegin we read in the *Telegrafo* has ridden into Montevideo with 300 picked horses, to be shipped to Brazil. The arrival of the little Argentine Government despatch boat Anita caused great noise in the sister city as she took special despatches to the Argentine Consul Mr. Villegas. The exact amount of paper money converted to date is $f.6,042,871 rather a large sum for so small a place. Mr. Weaver, whose name in Spanish is Tejedor, arrived down all right and is much occupied in business matters connected with telegraphy. Mr. Gepp has left the maddening crowd around the American Telegraph Agency, immensely to the regret of the commercial public who regard him as the man 'par excellence' for the post. Mr. Julius Cesar Rossi is gone to Rio, and Mr. Numa Pompilius Rolagniez is expected down from Pelotas. All the merchants in the Mount have to be registered over again, at least so the story goes, and this is calculated to cause much chagrin as people don't want to be registered so often, But it must be done, there is really no let up. Their names, their stores, spelt by the unlettered muse &c. &c. When the Platino cable is complete are may look for a much greater activity in Montevidean Telegraphy than at present. The loss of a French war vessel off the Island of Tahiti is reported L'Hermite, a few months ago she was on the West Coast. In the way of business news at the Mount the only thing we can find is in freights:—

Norwegian barque Nereio to load bales in Uruguay for orders, reserved rates.

French barque Pensour to load mules for Mauritius 90 fr. per mule.

French barque Canaanore to load mules for a broad.

Italian barque Moresca to load for Havre 12,000 dry hides 50 fr.

French steamer Colombia to load for Marseilles 13,000 dry hides at 55 and 10 o/o.

The following shows the produce transactions in Montevideo for the fortnight:—

Montevideo, Nov. 14th, 1874.

Sales of produce since 31st ult.—

Salted ox and cow hides per 75 lbs.; stock saladeros 3,000.

No sales of saladero hides, and killing not to commence until January more or less.

6,000 matadero; 7$65 3-4,000 resold at 7.40 duty unpaid, 1,500 mataderos just sold at 7$50 do.

Salted horse hides per 30 lbs. No sales or stock.

Tallow and grease per ar. of 25 lbs. No transactions in saladero and no stock. Killing not to commence until January.

42 pipes mares' grease 2$40 local consumption.

45 casks mutton ta low 2.30 do do.

Stock 67 pipes mares' grease and 120 casks and cases tallow.

Jurkel beef per qq. of 100 lbs. (No sales for Brazil, quot. 55 rls.f. nominal.)

15,000 to 20,000 qq. for Havannah from the Uruguay at from 43 to 44 rls.f. free on board.

Dry ox and cow hides per 40 lbs. Prices duty paid.

3,000 classified American 7$90.
23,500 do do, various parcels, 7.85.
19,500 do do do. 7.80.
4,300 do do, part from E. Rios, do, 7.80.
3,500 kips for Marseilles 8.40.
6,000 do, mostly for Marseilles, various lots 8.30
2,000 wide, Spanish staked 7.60.
1,500 do, do (duty unpaid) 7.00.
1,000 heavy, various parcels (duty unpaid 75, 7.10 and 7.20 duty paid.
1,200 Havre staked, picked, 8 25 and 8.30.
2,000 free of wide and including 5 o/o heavy 7.80.
3,000 good mixed, mostly narrow Entre Rios, private.
10,000 narrow including 5 o/o heavy reported 7.95.
7,000 do including 2,000 E. Rios 5 o/o heavy reported 7.90 or 7.95.
5,000 mostly narrow do 7.95.
5,400 do do private.
1,000 B. Ayres as they stood at auction &c. Morning Star 7.70.
3,000 culls resold at (seconds) 7.10.
500 bad culls 6.20.
25,000 Americans just reported sold at 7.70 to arrive with advances.

Stock 33,000.

The market closed pretty brisk for Europe and U. States.

Wool per ar. of 25 lbs. Prices duty unpaid.

3000 ar. 1st mestizo 4$30.
3000 do 2nd do 4:25.
4000 do do 4:25.
5000 do do 4:25.
2000 do do 4:25.
600 do old wool (last year's clip) 3:20-3:60

Most of the sales made are kept quiete and it would appear that at least 100,000 ar. are sold at from 4:25-4:40 ar. duty unpaid.

9000 ar. first mestiza in 2 parcels private.
1000 do do do.
2000 do E Rios mestizo and conditions 4.20.
3000 do from here 2nd at 4.25.
20 a 25,000 just sold 1st mestizo private.

Stock 69000 ar.

The market is very active and all off, is taken up, of first lots to arrive.

Sheepskins per lb. Prices duty unpaid. The market is not quite so brisk.

3800 doz. and 40 bales mestizo as they stood 14½-14¾ cts.

36 bales season skins including epidemic 15½.

320 do private terms, mostly at former contracts.

3700 doz. and 115 bales mestizo season skins free of epidemic 16 c. epidemic 13 c. and all refuse 10½ y 11.

150 bales shipped by barraqueros.

Stock 8000 doz.

Horse and cow hair qq. of 100 lb. Prices duty unpaid. Market rather active at the decline of prices.

66 bales good mixed horse at $22 and ending at 21.50.

60 do 21.25 and ending at 21.

9 do E. Rios inferior mixed 20.25 duty free.

1 do cow 23.50; stock 950 qq.

Dry horse hides per 10 lb. unpaid, 1500 sold at 1.40; stock 2700.

Ostrich feathers per lb unpaid, 400 lb good to extra 3.95, 900 lb fair 2.50 a 3, inferior 2.40.

Stock 4,900 lb.

Hide cuttings 41 bales 3.90 per qq baled unpaid; no stock.

Nutria skins 3 bales E Rios 25 c. and 18 stock.

Bone ash 200 tons from Uruguay 18½ r. f. and no stock.

Horns 4800 mat. and campo mixed $35 unpaid

Lambskins 41 bales as they stood 22½ and 25 c. dozen free of charges; stock 30 bales.

Bones, no sales transported.

Exchange. London 51d. 51¼, 51½ and 51¾d.

Corn market. Prices of wheat and flour are up. They have been gradually rising since early part of October and now close at: wheat 9$40 per fanega, flour 1.70 ar. with bag, bran 1.60 and bag. Indian corn is also up: we quote 3$50 fanega with bag nominal. Sales 5,000 bags from 1$60 to 1$70, flour, with bag. No Ind. corn for export and no bran far ditto.

Address, Cerrito-street No. 68.

J. E. Horné, Produce Broker.

From our English exchanges by the mail we take the following:—

MR. M. B. SAMPSON.

(From the *Railway News.*)

The column of the *Times* headed Money Market and City Intelligence lost its editor on Wednesday, this week, the 30th of September, on which day Mr. M. B. Sampson quitted the important and highly responsible post which he had held for the unusual term of 28 years. Early connection with the commercial and financial interests of the city of London, and the grasp of a wide and keen intellect, enabled Mr. Sampson to render very notable services to the public in the course of a long and honourable career. When a young man he made two prolonged visits to the United States on behalf of the Bank of England, and subsequently, in the preparation of the Bank Charter Act, he occupied an arduous and confidential position as private secretary to the governors of that establishment. As is well known, there was a strong opposition against Sir Robert Peel's measure, amongst others on the part of the private bankers, who petitioned against the clause of the Act limiting the issue to £14,000,000 upon securities, the effect of which, they argued, would be "to restrict the business of the country by leading to a general withdrawal of legitimate accommodation." However, Sir Robert stood firm, and the Bill passed in spite of opposition. It has never been in want of hearty enemies since its passing, but it has also not been wanting hearty friends, among the staunchest of them Mr. M. B. Sampson.

The career of Mr. Sampson must have been full of experiences like that of few men. He was born in 1809, the son of Captain W. J. Sampson, of the 9th Light Dragoons, a lineal descendant of one of the principal families of the Huguenot nobility of France who came to this country on the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Losing his father at an early age, he was left to the guardianship of his great uncle, Archdeacon Bouyer, prebend of Durham, a portion of whose property he subsequently inherited. It was Mr. Sampson's connection with the Bank of England which brought him into the *Times*, the Governor of the Bank recommending him for the post of City editor. How well he discharged the high duties entrusted to him is known to all in the least acquainted with the commercial history of the last quarter of a century. Only to recall one of his more recent services to the mercantile community and the public at large, it was he who exposed at some risk a huge swindle attempted not many months ago of bringing the shares of pretended American diamond and other mines, and many worthless railway schemes, upon the English market.

Though retiring from the City editorship of the *Times* seeking some well-deserved rest from the fatiguing labours which knew of no 'holidays,' Mr. Sampson remains connected with the commercial and financial interests of the city by multifarious occupations and dignities. He is, and remains, Consul-General of the Argentine Republic and of the Republic of Bolivia, and also President of the London Commission of the Government of Buenos Ayres for the sanitary works in progress in that city. Mr. Sampson is likewise standing arbitrator, under the Parliamentary working agreement, between the South Eastern and Brighton Railways and he sits on the board of three prosperous London companies, the Westminster Chambers Association, of which he is chairman, the San Paulo (Brazil) Railway Company, and the Mutual Life Assurance Society. Finally, Mr. Sampson is Deputy-Lieutenant of the city of London.

The works of the pen of the City Editor lie scattered through two score of the huge half-yearly volumes of the *Times*, but, as far as we are aware, none of his contributions to our leading journal have been republished in book form. However, Mr. Sampson has made his name known as author of 'Criminal Jurisprudence in Relation to Cerebral Organisation' a volume, published in 1843, consisting of a series of interesting papers which first appeared in the *Spectator*, and which afterwards went rapidly through sever l editions. It is to be hoped that the comparative leisure enjoyed by Mr. Sampson after his retirement from the City Editorship of the *Times* will enable him to give to the public some of the experiences, counsels, and reflections of a life so busy as his has been. The ebb and flow of London's—of the world's—commerce and finance, not only leaves its daily mark in the column of 'Money Market and City Intelligence,' but many a storm-signal is hoisted, and many a hurricane, many a spring and ebb tide, predicted. The city office of the *Times* is truly 'the ear of Dionysius.'

NORTH MARKET.

Nov. 18th.

Trains running to Chivilcoy, and great goods traffic going on both ways. Wool shows weakness for ordinary kinds; good is firm. Hides and sheepskins flat. Tallow falling. No arrivals of grain. Hay plenty and falling.

1,000 ar. fine wool, 3rd remise by Don Miguel Tyrrell, $97.
250 ar. borrega, do 97.
500 ar. mestiza, regular, 72.
800 do do, 2 lots, 77 and 78.
1200 do good mestiza 80.
600 do do 80.
1070 do do 80.
6000 do, various lots, 80 to 82.
600 do fine mestiza, 1 lote, 85.
300 do do 92.
2000 do fine mestiza, the best, 90 to 95.
500 good cow hides, various stakes, 166.
600 do do do 165.
300 do, regular classes, 160.
Sheepskins, matadero, 27 rls.
Do, very good, 27½ to 28 rls.
Do, campo, 23½ to 24 rls.
Do, consumo, 25 rls.
Do, epidemia, 19 to 24 rls.
Corderos $25 to 30 doz.
Corderitos 5½ to 6 doz.
Desechos 15 to 16 rlt.
Potros 40 to 42.
Horse hair 140 ar.
Tallow, in shipping condition, 14½ to 14⅝ rls. f.
Do, campo with defect, 40.
Do, pisado, 37.
Cereals—
No arrivals and no sales known.

BIRTH.

November 12, at Carmen de Areco, the wife of John B. Dowling, of a son.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Reduced to 0° Cels.

Buenos Ayres

		Bar.		Therm.
Nov. 16 at	2 p.m.	763.60	..	24° 6 Cels
	8 p.m.	765.55	..	20° 8
,, 17 at	8 a.m.	767.37	..	18° 2
	2 p.m.	764.11	..	24° 5
	8 p.m.	764.99	..	21° 4
,, 18	8 a.m.	765.82	..	18° 6

BELGRANO.

26—Calle Lavalle—26.

Grand Book-Store AND CIGAR-SHOP.

At the request of all the influential people of this charming suburb I have established a Bookstore, Stationery and Cigar-shop at Calle Lavalle No. 26.

All kinds of School-books, Ollendorff's in French and English, Account-books, Copy-books, Pens, Ink, Toys, Fancy-ware &c. at the same prices as in Buenos Ayres.

Good Havanna cigars, puros, vuelta-abajo, and all the best brands, as well as cigarillos, snuff, and French and Brazilian tobacco.

Also a fine assortment of preserves, truffles, pate-foie-gras &c. from the best makers in France.

Moreover French wines and liqueurs in every variety and profusion, and English and German beer.

Customers are respectfully invited to make a trial.

T. GUERIN,
26—*CALLE LAVALLE*—26.
BELGRANO.
sch—187 15p n18

PROGRESO DE TAPALQUEN.

SOCIEDAD ANONIMA.

La nueva empresa de este nombre hace saber al publico en general y a sus relaciones en particular, que desde el primero del entrante Octubre hara sus viajes al pueblo arriba indicado, siendo sus salidas como sigue:

De Buenos Aires a Tapalquen saldra todos los dias 1, 9, 17 y 25 de cada mes.

Regresa los 5, 13, 21 y 28.

Pasando por los puntos siguientes:—Barranca, Francisco Moyano, Rancho de Jurado, Vicente Hernandez, Antonio Heras, La Casa de Negocio del Sauce Solo, conocida por Tapera de Villamayor y Tapalquen.

AGENCIAS:

Buenos Aires, 254 Piedad, Sres. M. Cabrera, Hermanos.
La Flores, Casa de Antonio Ibomez.
Tapalquen, de "Ramon Blanco.
LA EMBRESA.

NOTA—La carga y encomiendas se reciben en su Agencia de Buenos Aires, las visperas de la salida hasta las 4 de la tarde, correspondencia 10 de la noche.
cj—oct 15

McKiernan & Cantero,

Consignatarios de Frutos del Pais
Y
COMISIONISTAS EN GENERAL.
552—PIEDAD—552
Buenos Ayres.

Domicilio—Cangallo 467 y Corrientes 668
j24g

Bank of Ireland.

DUBLIN.

Bills of Exchange on the above Bank, and all its Branches, issued by the undersigned.
ADVANCES MADE ON PRODUCE.
EDWARD CASEY,
118 Calle San Martin.
cj—248 xp j26

MacLean, Bell & Co.,

FORMERLY MACLEAN & CO.

Established 1871.

4 CALLE RECONQUISTA
BUENOS AYRES.

Ship and Custom House Brokers,
AND
GENERAL AGENTS.

Accept the Consignment, Brokerage and Entering and Clearing of Vessels.
Undertake the Entire Custom House Business of Importing and Exporting Houses Companies.
Packages for private parties can be addressed to our care.
Quarterly accounts opened with Constituents.

AGENTS FOR
Messrs. Geo. W. Wheatly and Co
London, Liverpool and Bombay.

Messrs. Staveley and Co.,
Liverpool, New York &c.

Messrs. Davies, Turner & Co.,
London, &c.

Messrs. Otto and Moller,
Hamburg &c.

Messrs. Morris, European Express,
New York &c.

Messrs. Taylor's Atlas Express,
Liverpool &c.

By being in direct communication with the above named firms, Goods and Packages can be sent to and received from almost any part of the World.
List of further Agencies and references to be had on application.
Letters should be addressed to
MACLEAN, BELL & CO.,
4 CALLE RECONQUISTA,
Buenos Ayres.
g 246 xp s22

Thomas Clarke.

Ship-broker, & General Commission Agent.

104 CALLE DE LAS PIEDRAS
MONTEVIDEO.
cj..oct 29

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS

Englishmen and others visiting Buenos Ayres will find every home comfort at the
Hotel de la Paix,
Which is the largest and best in this City.
Charges are most Moderate.
WINES SUPERB.
Table d'Hote on European style,
With Room, Gas Lights, and Attendance
HOTEL DE LA PAZ,
Corner of Cangallo and Recoquista
cj—ag20

Hillner y Soraire.

CALLE DE VICTORIA 80

Agentes de Vapores y Buques a Vela.

Vapor Nacional CONCORDIA, para la Concordia y buques a velas a la carga para todos los puntos del literal encargandonos de embarques de mercaderias y de todo lo concerniente a lo que es de Aduana como tambien de seguros.
Noviembre 16 de 1874. cj—nov 18

COMPANIA DE NAVEGACION A VAPOR RIO DE LA PLATA.

Linea de Paquetes entre Buenos Aires y Asuncion.

El Vapor Nacional GUARANI, saldra para la Asuncion y escalas, el VIERNES 20 del corriente
Por carga, encomiendas, y pasages, ocurrase a la Agencia, Calle de Cuyo, No. 24.
h 155 6 p n 15

LEIBNITZ.

ESTE Vapor Ingles concluyo su descarga en los Depositos de la Aduana.
cj—186 3p nov 18

English Catholic College
MERCEDES.

The Parents and Guardians of the Pupils of the above Institution are hereby notified the Classes are now re-opened.
Mercedes, Nov. 12, 1874.
THE DIRECTOR.
g 159 6p n15

Libreria Europea.

178—CALLE FLORIDA—178

Letts Diaries for 1875.

On Sale.

Scribbling Diary, No. 31, interleaved, $25.
Do. No. 32, $15. Nos. 36 and 37, at 12 dollars.
All the Current Offices and Pocket Sizes, Nos. 8, 9, 10, 44, 17, 21, 22, 23, & 26.
Also Medical Diaries.

Please send order at once, as many numbers only received in a very limited number of copies.

JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT.
cj—1893p nov 18

Diaries for 1875.

Smith's Small Scribbling Diary, interleaved Botting-paper.
Do Commercial do do.
Do Office Desk (long and narrow) do do.
Do Large 4to. Manuscript do do.
Do Daily Strip-off Calendars.
NOTE—Lett's usual Assortment daily expected.

MACKERN BROTHERS,
44 SAN MARTIN.
g 156 6p n15

The Weekly Standard

CONTAINS
FULL DETAILS
OF THE
REVOLUTION.
WAR MOVEMENTS, &c,
cj.. oct2

COGNAC
OTARD & DUPUY.
SOLE AGENTS,
BARRAN & BRIET,
Calle Cuyo, No. 115.

Economical Stoves.

PARQUE, 527.

This new Establishment is replete with all the best implements and appurtenances of the trade
JULIO GAYOL,
527—CALLE PARQUE—527
d28 1m s4

AU MERINOS

Esquina Calle Rivadavia y Chacabuco.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

We beg to advise our friends and customers that we have opened a new Hat Department for men and boys. The assortment is very complete, and with that new branch we continue our system of

SELLING GOOD AND CHEAP.

LIST OF PRICES.

Hats for children	$15, 20, 25, 30, 35.
Hats for boys	25, 30, 35, 40 60, 55.
Sparterie hats	45, 50, 60, 70, 80, 100.
Manilla hats	75, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130.
Palmer hats	40, 50, 60, 75, 1 0, 120.
Panama hats	100, 150, 180, 200, 250, 300.
Felt hats	35, 50, 60, 70, 85, 100.

And many others, the detail of which would be too long to give.

Buenos Ayres Rowing Club's Uniform, Hats and Jerseys.
sch | 195 1m n19.

KIDD'S GUIA MENSUAL
DE LOS
Ferro-Carriles, Vapores, Tramways
y Mensagerias,
Y CONTIENE ADEMAS:
Nombres y Domicilios de los Comerciantes de Buenos Aires y Administraciones Públicas, Directorio de los Bancos y Ferro-Carriles, Medicos, Saladeros, Almanaque, Plano de la Ciudad, Consulados Estrangeros, Servicio de Correos, y Correo de la Ciudad, Ley de Aduana y Leyes de Papel Sellado, Tarifas de las Balleneras y Bucelas del Puerto, Tarifa para los Carruages de Plaza, Nomina de los Diarios y Periodicos, Reduccion de Monedas Nacionales y Estrangeras.

NOVIEMBRE 1874.
cj | nov 3

"In LA PAMPA," of June 17th, 1874, the following Article appeared:

Manufacture of Matches.

"In Denmark the Manufacture of Matches that will ignite on any other surface than that prepared expressly for them, has been declared illegal and subect to punishment.

THESE SAFETY MATCHES
Prevent many conflagrations.

BRYANT AND MAY'S
Patent Safety Matches

Ignite only on the Box, and for Family or Office use are preferable to Wax Matches, being cheaper and safer than any others.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEIT.*

Always ask for BRYANT and MAY'S MATCHES, with the signature of
M. S. BAGLEY.
cj—jy1

TRANSATLANTIC
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
IN
HAMBURG.
CAPITAL, 1,500,000 PRUSSIAN THALERS.
Insures all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and other Property against Loss or Damage by Fire, at a Moderate Premium.
All Losses Adjusted by the Undersigned, General Agents for the River Plate,
MANTELS & PFEIFFER,
Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 19 and 21.
d 138xp

Walnut Chamber Sets
BUREAU LAVATORIO
and
Night-Table with Fine Marble
10 Pieces in 4,000 dols.

SALA SETS
Work and Materials Employed all of the Best Class
$4,500 m|c.

Enamelled Chamber Sets
10 PIECES
$1,800 m|c.

WALNUT DINING SETS
14 PIECES
$ 4,200 m|c.

OFFICE FURNITURE
OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS

Every article in our house has its PRICE MARKED
In distinct figures, and no variation from the Prices so marked is allowed.

CASA NORTE AMERICANA
BAILEY, GOMEZ & CO.
Front of the Argentine Bank.

RIBBON STAMPS
AND
French Stamps of all Classes
For BANKS, HOUSES OF COMMERCE, &c

ENGRAVING
OF
ALL KINDS, BY THE BEST WORKMEN
AT
REASONABLE PRICES

Bailey, Gomez & Co.
76 SAN MARTIN 76
Front of the Argentine Bank.
f p s20

NOTICE.

THE
National Immigration Office.

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

WANTED,
200 Agricultural Laborers for the Colonies, near the City of Santa Fe.
500 Do. for the Rosario Colonies.
200 Do Cordova do

Passages Free.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 17, 1874.
FREDERICK GOWLAND,
Chief of the Department.
cj—nov 18

BOOKS—BOOKS

WANTED to purchase all sorts of books in English, Spanish, French, German Italian, Portuguese, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, etc
20 Calle Bolivar.
cj..oct 25.

TO LET a House (quinta) Calle Real, Almagro, 1866.
Apply next door 1864 or Parque 62.
sch | 171 3p n17

FLORES.

TO LET, in the house of an English family; several fine airy Rooms, Furnished, with or without Board.
Apply at 13 Calle Belgrano, Flores.
cj..157 3p nov 17

TO LET, Parlour and Bedroom, Furnished, for single Gentlemen, in a private family. Calle Florida., No. 263.
cj..175 3p nov 17

TO BE LET, in the house of an English family, a Furnished Sala and Bedroom, with or without board. Trams pass the door. Apply at 478 Calle Cuyo.
cj—96 8p nov 10

TO LET, Furnished, a handsome sala, with English Fire-place, and a large Bedroom adjoining; also another bedroom if required. The above are situated in front of Lezama's beautiful Quinta, and Tramways pass the door each way. Good attendance.
Apply at 61½ Calle Defensa.
g 151 3p n 1

ROOMS TO LET,

WITH fine Furniture, or without. A parlour and one or two rooms
Terms moderate.
Apply at No. 313 Calle Maipu.
cj.. 8p nov 14

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET, at Calle Maipu 61, altos.
g 128 10p n14.

APARTMENTS to Let.—To let, a comfortably furnished Bedroom with, fireplace. Tramways convenient to all parts of the city. In the house of an English family.
Paraguay 120, between Esmeralda and Maipu.
d 111 3p n17

SE ALQUILA, en la Calle Santa Fe, num 55, Sala y Ante-sala. Para hombres solos. Con muebles o sin ellos.
Para tratar, en la misma casa.
d 6p n14

SE ALQUILA una pieza amueblada para hombre solo, Calle Esmeralda No 147.
jr—163 3p n17

PROFESSOR OF LANGUAGES.

A GENTLEMAN, just arrived from London, is prepared to give Lessons in English, French, and Spanish. Terms moderate.
System easy, entertaining, and successful Schools attended and Translations made.
For further particulars address "Professor," Standard Office, or 28 Calle Cuyo.
cj..119 xp s11

WANTED, a Housemaid, who can wait at table. Good references required. Apply No. 156½ Calle Florida.
cj..153 3p nov 15

WANTED a Housemaid, for a small English Family. Must be able to do a little washing and ironing. Good recommendations indispensable.
Address C. B. this office.
g 160 4p n15

WANTED—By a married couple; situations in camp or town; the wife as Cook, and the man for Gardener, or general work. Understands perfectly the care of horses, and has good recommendations.
Address X Y at this office.
f xp nov 7

WANTED a good tenant for a commodious house in Calle Callao No. 178. A good opportunity for such paties as wish to live near a College, a Church and two tramways.
Apply at THE TERRENAL 130 San Martin, or at Calle Temple No. 346.
Sch | 178 3p n17

WANTED, by a young English Lady, a situation to teach children in a school or family. Address W. A. B.. at the Office of the Standard.
cj—162 3p nov 17

WANTED, a general Servant, for a quinta in the suburbs. Apply Calle Piedad 353
cj—174 3p nov 17

HOUSEMAID.—A good girl wants a situation, as above.
Apply "Mary," this office.
d 173 3p n17

MAYORDOMO or BOOK-KEEPER. Wanted Situation as above by a man of experience, good recommendation.
Apply 'Camp' at this office.
jr—167 4p n17

WANTS a situation as Nurse, a respectable Person, lately arrived from England, who would be able to undertake the charge of two or three children, or a baby, from its birth.
Apply at 26½ Calle Temple.
cj—166 5p nov 17

COCINERO Aleman se ofrece uno, con buenas recomendaciones. Calle Bolivar 229.
cj..190 3p nov 18

GOOD SERVANTS are generally to be found at the House for Immigrant Irish girls under the care of the Sisters of Mercy 248 Chacabuco.
The most convenient hours for ladies to apply are from 3 to 5 p.m.

SAVINGS BANK
BANK MAUA AND CO
101--Calle Cangallo--103
BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo, and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other novelties.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the example of their firm in Montevideo, offer the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No 103 Calle Cangall from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1862.

P. P. MAUA & Co.,
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM,
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.
M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM
E. DE LAS CARRERAS.

CERVECERIA ARGENTINA

CERVEZA DE BAVIERA.

CALLE DE SANTA FE.
Esquina Coronel.

BUZONES! PARA ORDENES

Bolsa de Comercio
Plaza de Lorea, No. 1,
(Panaderia Alemana)

Rivadauia 255 y 1008,
Buen Orden y Brasil,
(Barraca San Juan.)

DEPOSITO,

155—CALLE FLORIDA—155

Se Reciben Ordenes y se lleva á domicilio.

cj—oct 22

ROLDAN, LANUS & CO.
345---Calle de Rivadavia---345
BUENOS AYRES.

The largest and most select Assortment in South America.

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL & DOMESTIC
IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY,

Imported directly from the United States, England, France and Germany.

Cast Iron Furniture for Private Gardens and Public Parks.
Cooking, Dining-room, Office and Parlour Stoves.
Hardware, Building Materials, &c. &c.
And a varied Assortment of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Imported by every Steamer from Europe and the United States.

Sole Agents for the
Buckeye Reaper and Mower
(Manufactured by Adriance, Platt & Co., New York),
Which obtained at the Vienna Exhibition
FIRST PREMIUMS (Two Grand Gold Medals)
With Special Improvements to suit the requirements of this country.

Our beautifully Illustrated Catalogue, recently printed in Europe, will be furnished gratis on application.

h 229 xp jy23

CELEBRATED SHEEP-DIP,
LICOR DERMATOSICO.
PREPARED BY
TORRES & CO., Druggists,
DEFENSA, 65, 67 and 69.

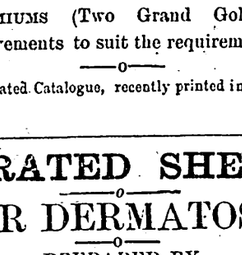
Guaranteed Infallible for the Cure of Scab in Sheep.

After long and innumerable trials, we have succeeded in preparing the above Sheep-Dip, by the use of which we guarantee the thorough eradication of Scab in Sheep.

Besides cheapness and easy application, it has the great advantage over all other similar preparations of being
COMPLETELY SOLUBLE IN WATER,
a circumstance which admits of our liquid penetrating to the very surface of the skin, without spotting the wool or making it adhere.

AGENTS
O'GORMAN & DANSEY, Guardia del Monte.
TORROBA HERMANOS,
Lujan, Mercedes, and Chivilcoy,
AULD & PETTIGREW, Chascomus.
J. BARTON, Olivera.
R. DEWEY, Cañuelas.
W. BARRY, Buenos Ayres.
FLORENTINO BLANCO è HIJOS, Once de Setiembre.

d je9



Emporium of Sewing Machines.
Calle Chacabuco, Nos. 213, 215, 217
☞ Corner of Calle Mejico.

The Owner of this Establishment offers to the Public a vast assortment of all kinds of
SEWING MACHINES:
A great variety of the best Manufacturers, such as
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jr—172 8p n17

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LOST, on Sunday last, at the Central Station, a large RETRIEVER Pup; had on a leather collar with plain brass plate.
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4 cipher words.

"Have bought for your account 500 bags Patagonian wool at 2s. 6d. Vessels sail after next, and freight 1s. 6d. Value 3s. 3d. Have drawn at 10 days' sight on Messrs. Market Close, who are highly respectable in price."

7 cipher words.

"Market falling fast. We are anxious to consign one of the ships with wool to Brown and Sons, Liverpool. Is the safest? We shall require advances. At what can you charter steamer Panama?"

7 cipher words.

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FOR
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245—CRANWELL—245
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A BEAUTIFUL SELECT ASSORTMENT
Boots & Shoes,
FOR
GENTLEMEN, LADIES, AND CHILDREN.

Among them various kinds of the first French and English manufacture at the
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cj—oct 7

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NORTH AMERICA
And in the same shop
ADOLPHE [illegible]
95 CORRIENTES 95
1 m n17

Madame [illegible]
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Latest Fashion
AT
Dresses, [illegible] etc.
130—CALLE [illegible]—130.
n17

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Will SELL on
MONDAY 23d,
All the Fixtures of the old Banking Office,
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Iron Safes, Desks, Marble Slabs, Doors, Windows, Gas Jets, &c.
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Adolfo Bullrich & Co.
70—POTOSI—70

Friday, 20th inst.
At Two o'Clock,

On the above day we will
SELL BY AUCTION
The following:
English Field and Garden Seeds.

Just arrived, four varieties of Clovers for Gentlemens' Lawns,
And varieties of Garden Seeds, put up in small packages.

Worcester and Harvey's Sauces (in Pints and Half Pints.)

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Comprises a large assortment of
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GUINNESS'S PORTER, do. do.
Best PORT, SHERRY, and CLARET WINES
Every Class of English and French Preserves.
All articles warranted and sent free of charg
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PRODUCE BROKER.
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GUILLERMO SCHINDLER,
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g 183 19p n17

AL COMERCIO.

CUMPLIMOS con el deber de participar que los Sres. Enrique y Carlos Grondona han cesado, desde el 1° de Octubre ppdo., de ser socios comanditarios de nuestra razon social; y que esta continuará siempre bajo la misma de Domingo Grondona y Cia.
DOMINGO GRONDONA.
ENRIQUE MARTINEZ.
Buenos Ayres, No'bre 16 de 1874.
d 183 3p n17

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TO BE SOLD CHEAP, ABOUT
FOUR ARROBES
Of best Picked White Goose Feathers, (Just arrived from England.)
Sample to be seen at the Standard Office.
cj—127 8p nov 13

TO CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS
FOR SALE, a large lot of RAFTERS, at 10 to 12 rls per foot.
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BOAT WANTED.
A STRONG BOAT, about 24 feet.
Address price and particulars to Proprietor Hotel Europa.
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